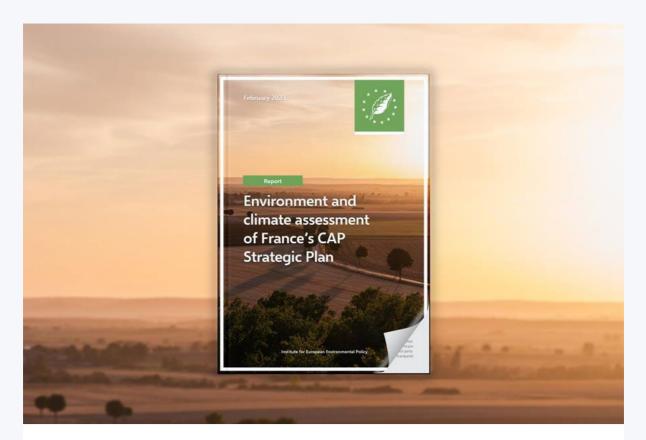
In France, better CAP spending is needed to fight the climate and biodiversity crisis



January 2023 Newsletter



## France needs to review its plan for agriculture to match the scale and urgency of the climate and biodiversity crisis

The current European Union food system is responsible for an estimated 30% of the continent's GHG emissions. The agriculture sector also puts immense pressure on biodiversity, as it contributes significantly to soil degradation and reductions in water quality and availability.

#### This is why the ecological transition of agri-food systems is necessary and urgent.

The latest Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) reform requires Members States to develop a National Strategic Plan (NSP) presenting:

- 1. their needs for ten specific objectives, three of which are environment and climate related;
- 2. the interventions they plan to implement to address these needs;
- 3. the budget allocated to these interventions.

IEEP is producing a series of four reports assessing how the NSPs of four Members States with large agriculture sectors (France, Germany, Spain and Poland) contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation. This first assessment shows that on the whole, France has not used the flexibility available to significantly improve requirements and funding for the environment and climate. We provide two sets recommendations to improve the potential impact of CAP spending.

### Latest from IEEP



#### Carbon farming co-benefits: Approaches to enhance and safeguard biodiversity

This report proposes requirements to ensure that carbon farming standards enhance and safeguard biodiversity, alongside delivering climate mitigation. <u>Read the report</u>



## Agreement on CBAM: A long way to go

Recent CBAM agreement and ETS reform constitute an unprecedented move in the emissions reduction effort, but much remains to be decided and even more remains to be done. **Read the b**log



## Benefits of nature restoration: A new series of policy briefs

IEEP and the Ecologic Institute, as part of the Think Sustainable Europe network, have prepared a series of thematic policy briefs to inform policymakers of the crucial importance of nature restoration. **Read the briefings** 

# Synergising climate and biodiversity agendas is an imperative challenge for the century

As a major contributor to biodiversity loss, agriculture in the EU must shift to restore agroecosystems so that they can provide benefits for biodiversity and climate. Carbon farming can help achieve this goal. **Read the blog** 



### EVENT | Digitalising development — not digitising the status quo!

In this in-person event, IEEP and TMG Research gmbH will look at the options to leverage the potential of digital tools to build inclusive and sustainable agrifood systems. **Register now** 

#### Have you read the latest GTN newsletter?

### GREEN TRADE NETWORK

Every two months, GTN's newsletter offers a selection of the most important news on the trade and environment nexus and highlights past and future activities of the network's researchers. <u>Read more here</u>.

#### Sign up to receive the next edition in your inbox



#### **Think Sustainable Europe**

The idea generator behind the Think2030 platform, <u>Think</u> <u>Sustainable Europe (</u>TSE) is a pan-European network of sustainability think tanks, led by IEEP, that provides policymakers across the continent with sound, science-based analysis and recommendations.

#### Latest from TSE members

Ecologic Institute: Opportunities for Health Engagement in European Climate Policies

The Green Tank: Hydrocarbon extraction vs Offshore wind: Can Greece become a green energy hub in the Mediterranean?

IISD: The WTO Agreement on Fisheries Subsidies: What it means and why it matters

Wise Europa: How to break down the barriers to transformation

**BC3:** <u>Targeting conservation efforts on places most beneficial to people can advance biodiversity</u>, <u>climate, and development goals</u>

IDDRI: A new era for global biodiversity?

**TMG:** Food and crisis: the role of Controlled Environment Agriculture in building urban food system resilience



however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or CINEA. Neither the European Union nor CINEA can be held responsible for them



## 



f	Share
y	Tweet
in	Share
$\mathbf{X}$	Forward

Institute for European Environmental Policy (IEEP) Brussels Office Rue Joseph II, 36-38 1000 Brussels, Belgium T: +32(0)2 738 7482

The Institute for European Environmental Policy (IEEP) is an independent sustainability think tank with offices in Brussels and London. As a not-forprofit organisation with over 40 years of experience, we are committed to advancing impact-driven sustainability policy across the EU and the world.

For more information, visit www.ieep.eu.

Preferences | Unsubscribe